IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ART UNIT: 1615

EXAMINER: Danah I Al- Awadi

FIRST NAMED

INVENTOR: Hans Lennernäs

SERIAL NO.: 10/576,857

FILED:

10/7/2008

CONF. NO.:

FOR: COMPOSITION COMPRISING

BIODEGRADABLE HYDRATING

CERAMICS FOR CONTROLLED

DRUG DELIVERY

DOCKET NO.: 02314-26109.PCT.US

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.8

DATE OF DEPOSIT: June 17, 2011

I hereby certify that this paper or fee (along with any paper or fee referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being submitted on the date

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> /Nicole Solomon/ Nicole Solomon

DECLARATION OF NIKLAS AXÉN UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

THORPE NORTH & WESTERN, LLP 8180 South 700 East, Suite 350 Sandy, Utah 84070

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

I, Niklas Axén, declare as follows:

- I am a named inventor in the above-captioned application and the subject matter described and claimed therein.
- I have a background in Physics and Materials Science. I am an Associate Professor from Uppsala University, and a holder of a PhD in Materials Science. I am Head of Formulation and Process Development at Lidds AB.

- 3. It is my understanding that various claims in the above-recited patent application have been rejected in view of United States Publication No. 2003/0170307 to Royer, filed February 13, 2003, entitled "Inorganic-Polymer Complexes for the Controlled Release of Compounds Including Medicinals" (hereinafter referred to as "Royer").
 - 4. I have reviewed Royer and am familiar with disclosure described therein.
- Royer is directed towards the use of a complexing agent to control the release profile of the medicinal within its matrix, while the present invention controls the release of the active substance without the need for such a complexing agent.
- 6. As the Examiner has questioned the criticality of the presently claimed amounts of the expandable agent and sorbed aqueous medium, I have prepared 3 Pastes as outlined in Table 1 and found the following cure times as outlined therein:

Table 1

Components	Paste 1	Paste 2	Paste 3
Calcium Sulphate (CaSO ₄ ·1/2H ₂ O from Riedel-deHaen) (wt%)	59.41	54.55	46.15
NaHCO ₃ (wt%)	0.59	5.45	13.85
Water (deionized) (wt%)	40	40	40
Total (wt%)	100	100	100
Cure Time	3-5 minutes	1 hour	Not cured after 3 hours

7. As shown in Table 1, the varying amounts of sodium bicarbonate greatly affected the cure times of the pastes, differing by at least an order of magnitude between Paste 1 and the other pastes.

- Based on the above, the present claims have been amended to reflect the criticality of the expandable agent, the sorbed aqueous medium, and the resulting cure time.
- In contrast to the presently claimed amounts, Royer uses sodium bicarbonate in an amount ranging from 5 wt% to 15 wt% as provided in Example 15, page 9 of Royer.
- The amounts of sodium bicarbonate used in Royer would not provide a cure time of less than 20 minutes for the present compositions.
- Further, Royer provides no disclosure or recognition that sodium bicarbonate affects cure times of its inorganic-polymer complexes or could be used in the present manner.
- 12. I declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful, false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful, false statement may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

DATED this 16th day of June, 2011.

Niklas Axén

(name)

N.A.